



Time and frequency analysis of daily reprocessed solutions from selected EPN stations

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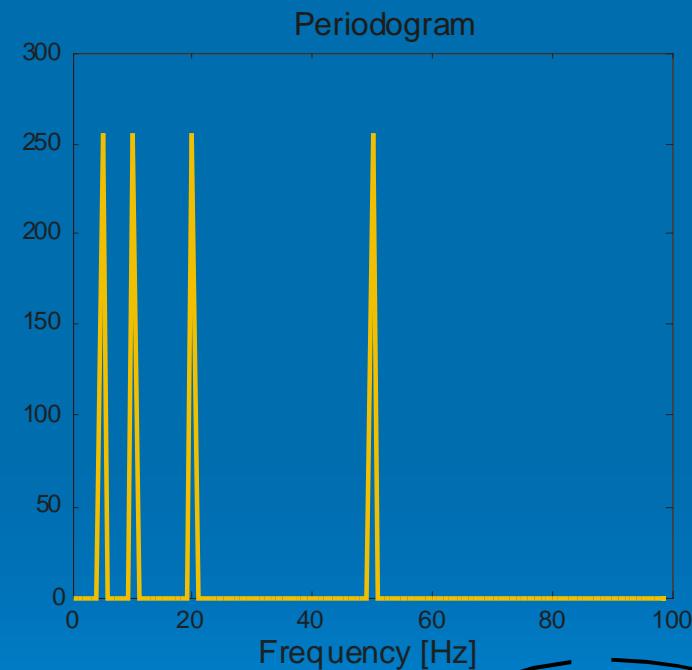
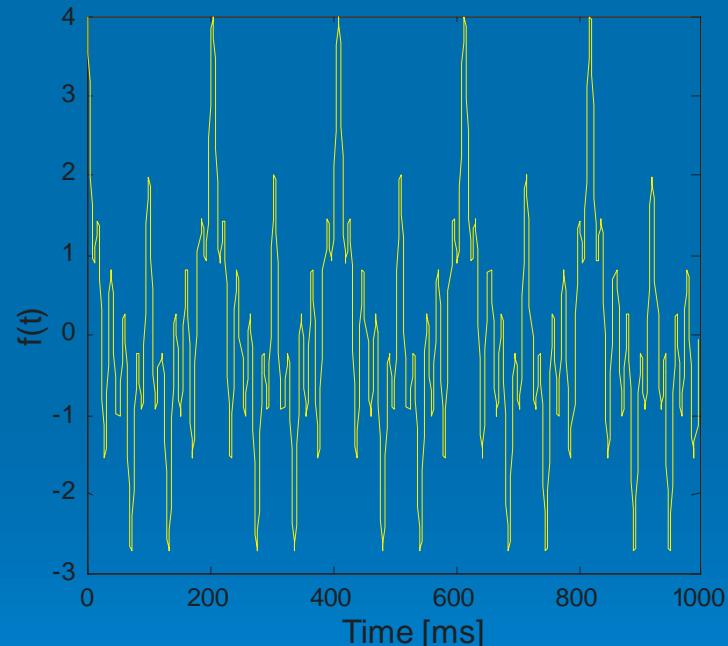
Speech Arrangement

- Examples of frequency evaluation with respect to model examples (FFT and wavelet)
- Selection of 3 groups of EPN stations to evaluate time series of 'h' coordinates
- Presentation of model frequency analysis by means of two techniques
- Conclusions





Fourier transform is the most popular method of frequency detection in time signals





Coordinates analysis need different tools such as FFT (Fast Fourier Transforms) as well as wavelet transform.

Wavelet transform is adopted in case of non-stationary signals, i.e. signals carrying components of frequency changing in time. To understand wavelet transform we need to use convolution of a given signal with the functions received by scaling and shifting of so called **mother wavelet**.

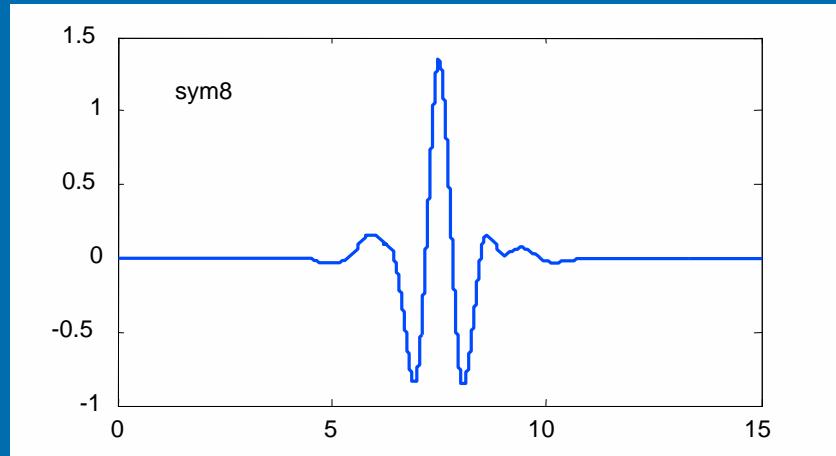
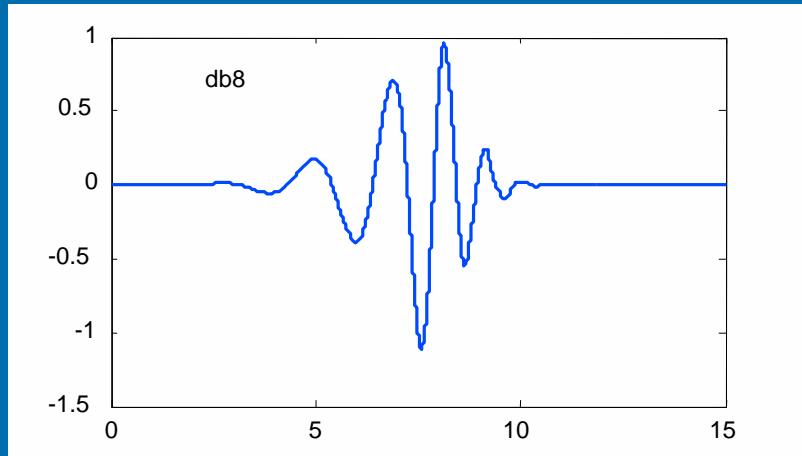
$$\gamma(s, \tau) = \int f(t) \psi_{s, \tau}^*(t) dt = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{s}} f(t) \psi^*\left(\frac{t - \tau}{s}\right) dt$$

Coefficient of wavelet transform is the measure of correlation of investigated signals and analysed wavelet. 's' corresponds to the scale parameter (inversion of frequency), time lag mother wavelet described by parameter τ and $s = 1$. Due to factor $\tau = 0$ wavelet energy of analysed wavelet is not changing with the scale.





Example of two mother wavelets



Mother wavelet is well concentrated as far as time and frequency. These conditions determine that this function has at least a few oscillations. That is why it is a 'short wavelet'.



$$\int \psi(t) dt = 0$$

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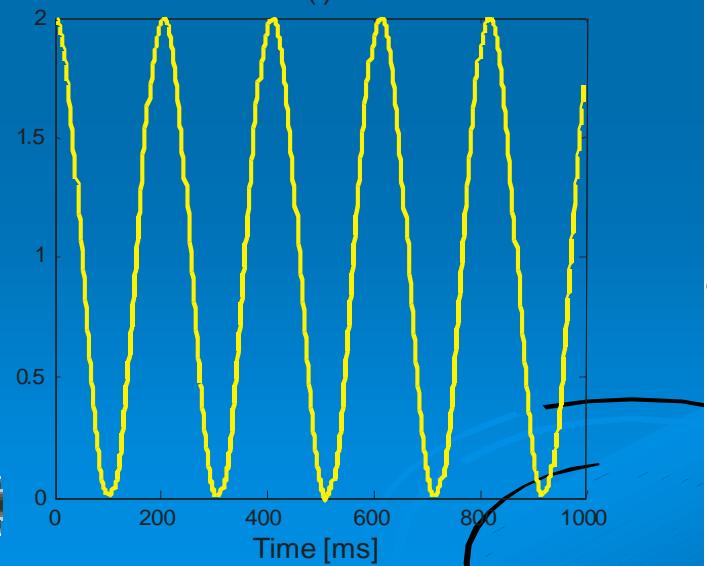
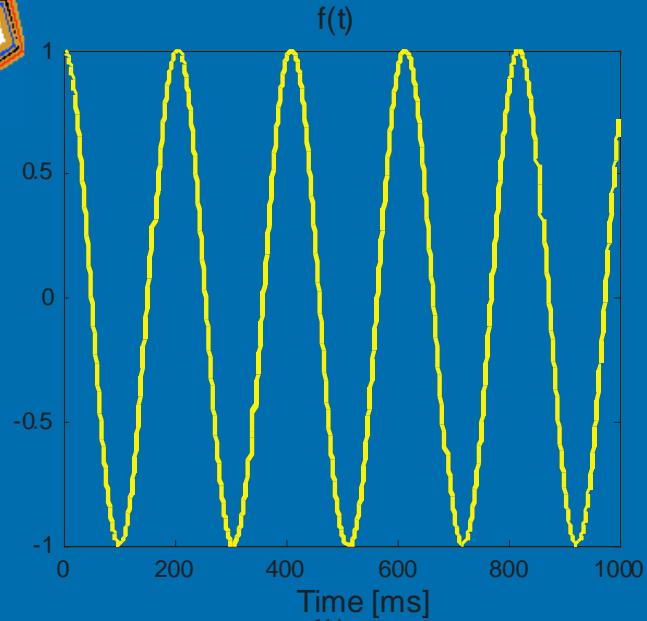
$$\Psi(\omega) = 0$$



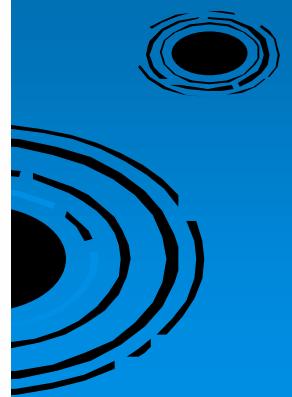
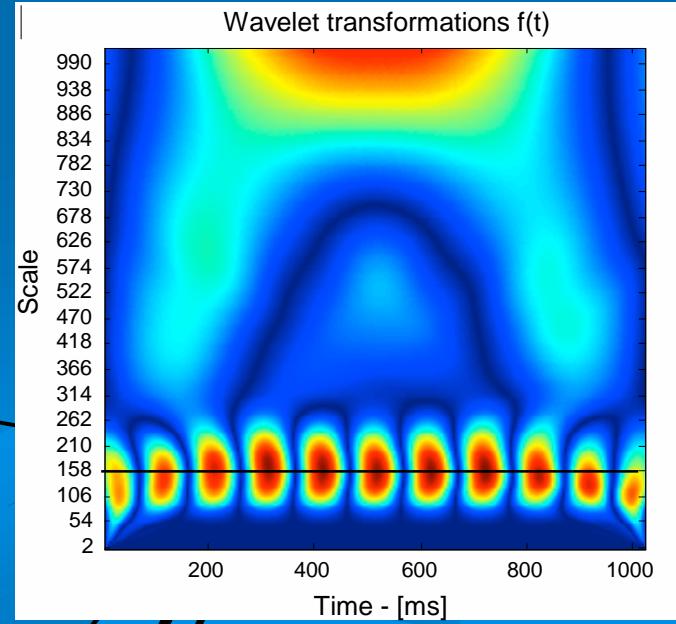
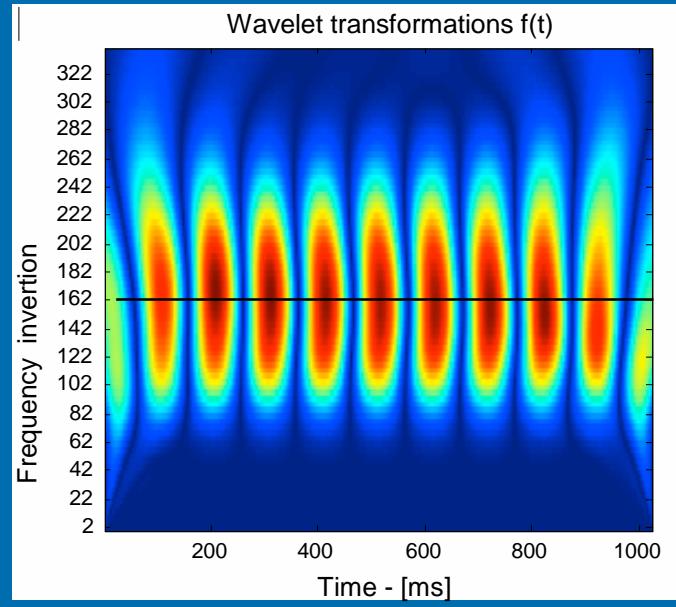


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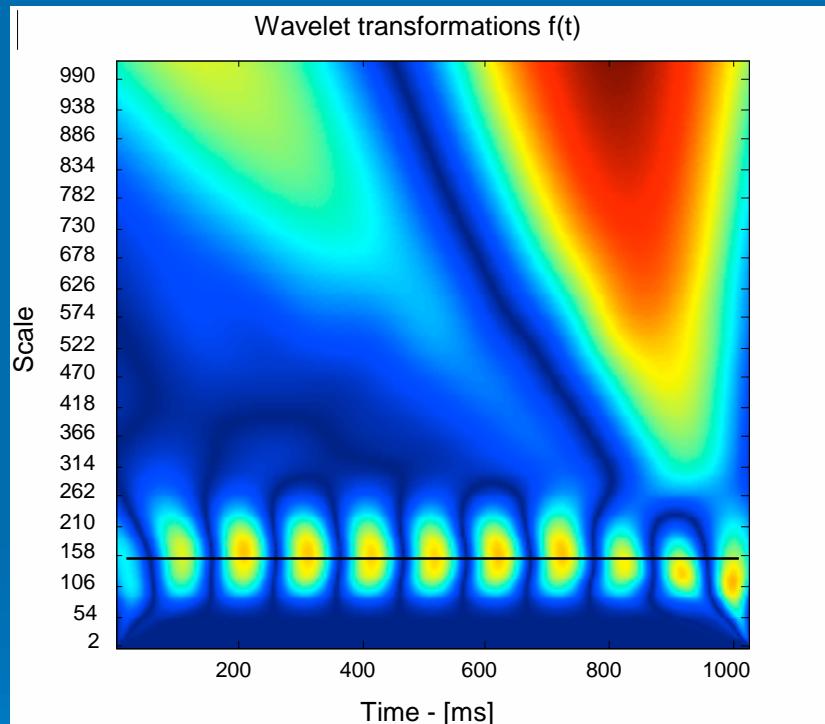
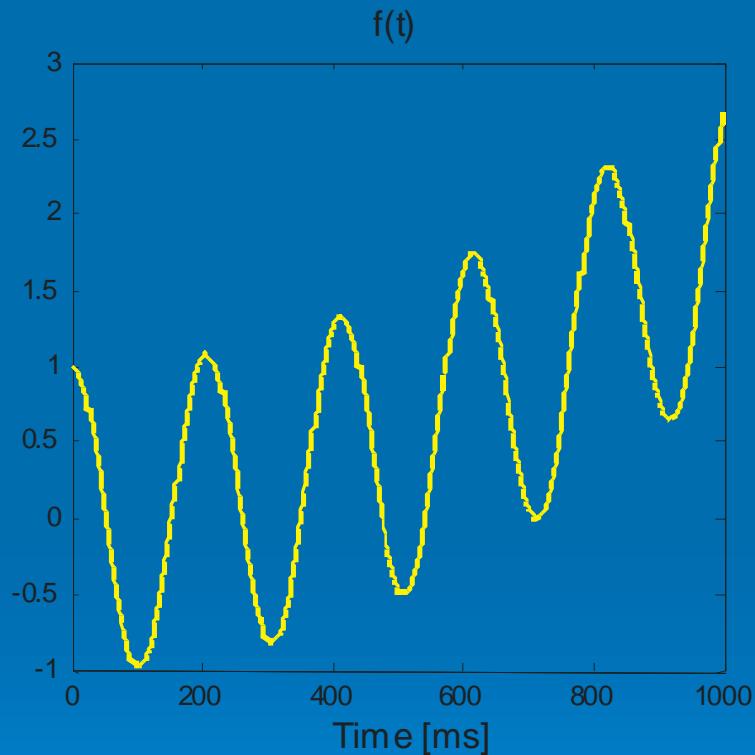
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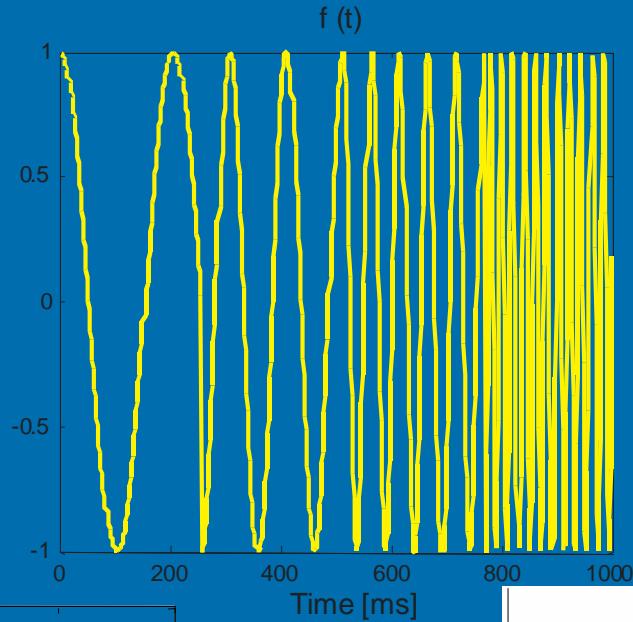
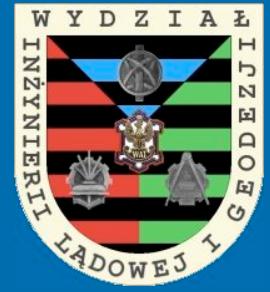


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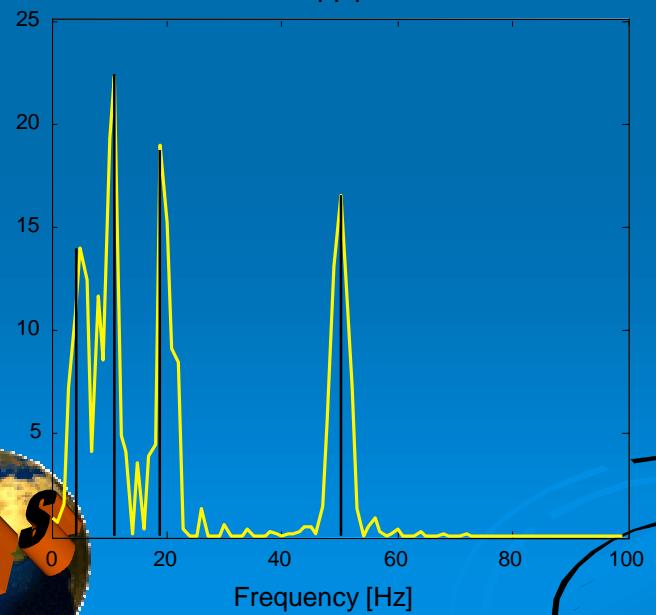


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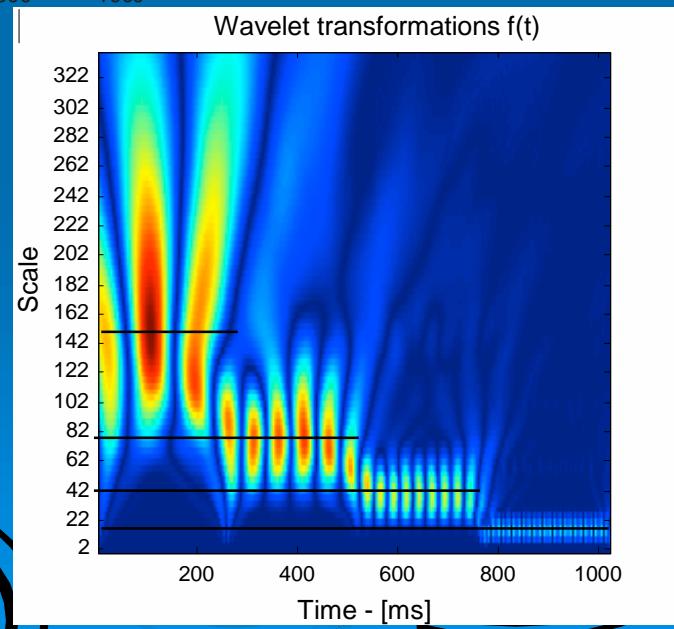
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FFT



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LONG

ZIMM, VILL, POTS, ONSA, METS, MAS1, KOSG, KIRU, JOZE, GRAZ, GRAS
These stations have time series of 4654 - common days observations starting from 2.04.1995.

MIDDLE

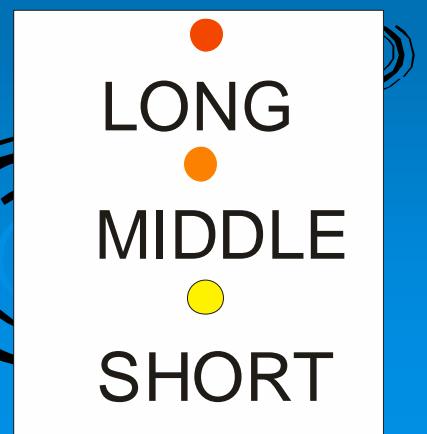
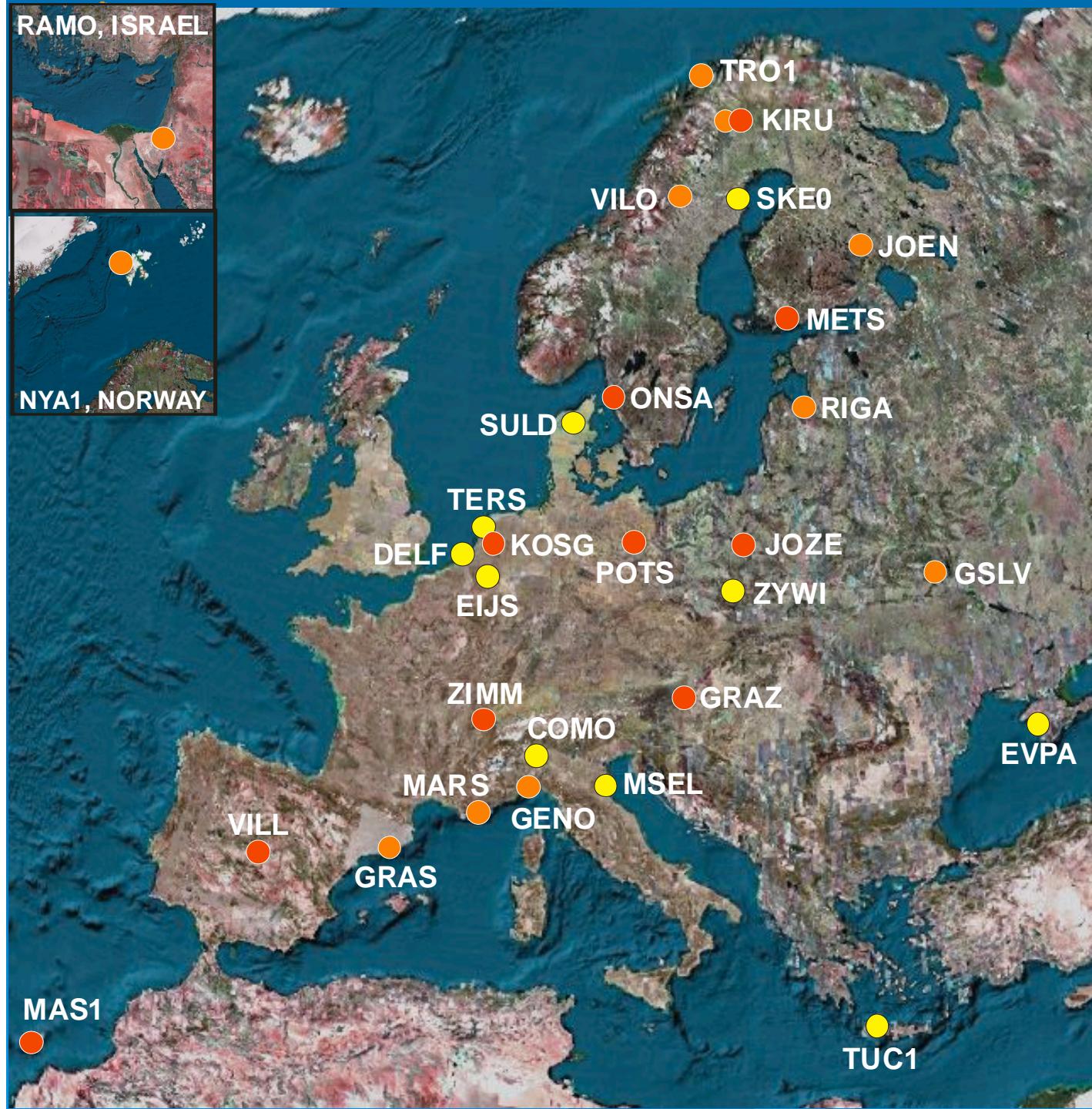
VILO, TRO1, RIGA, RAMO, NYA1, MARS, KIR0, JOEN, GLSV, GENO
These stations have time series of 3225 - common days observations starting from 1.03.1999.

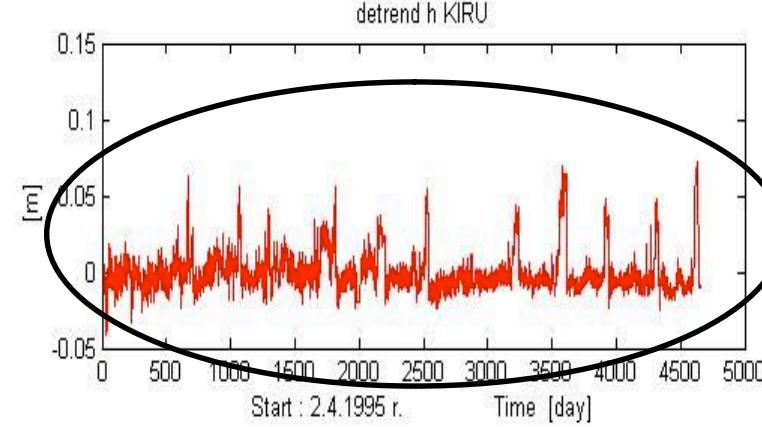
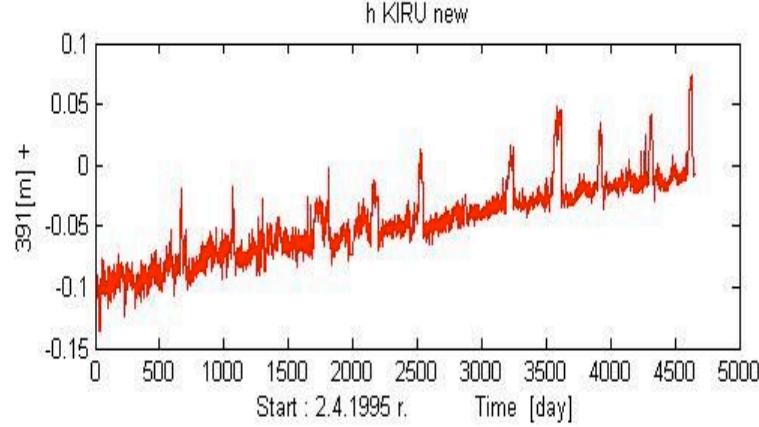
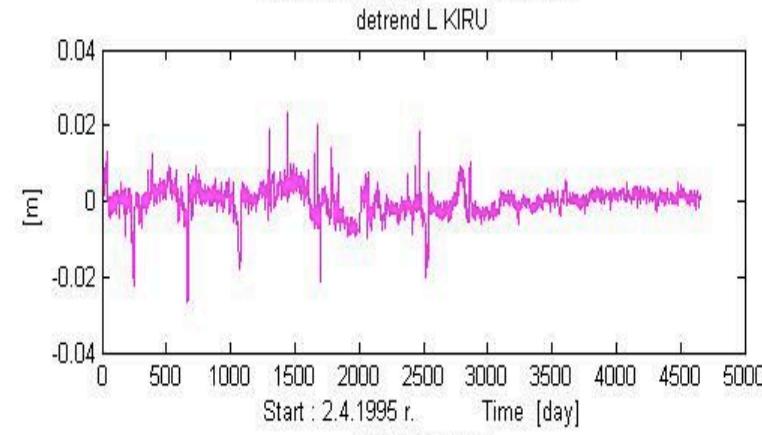
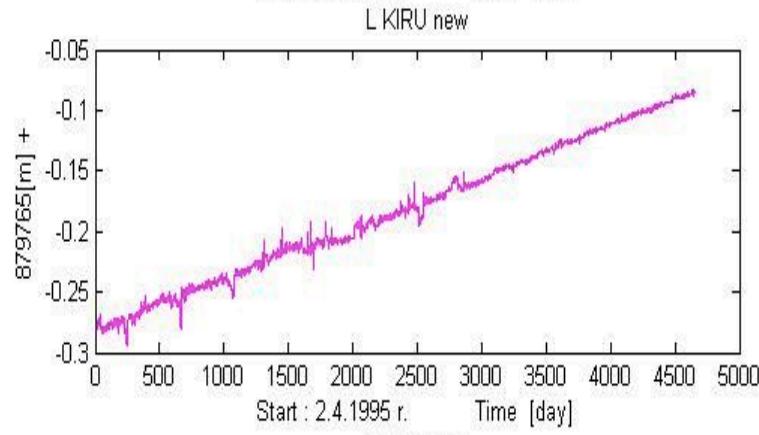
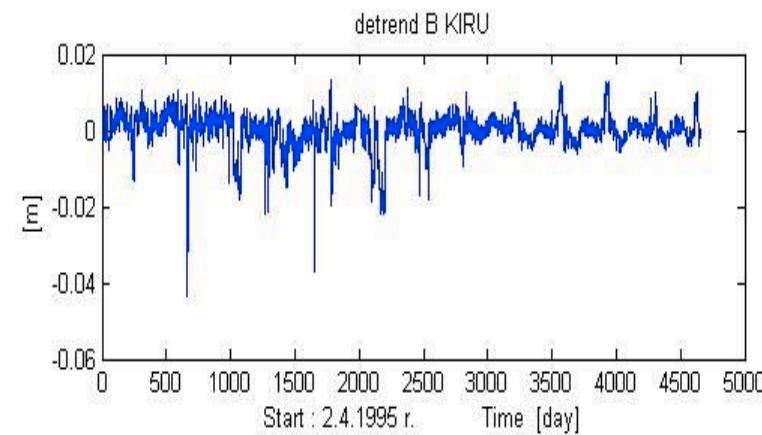
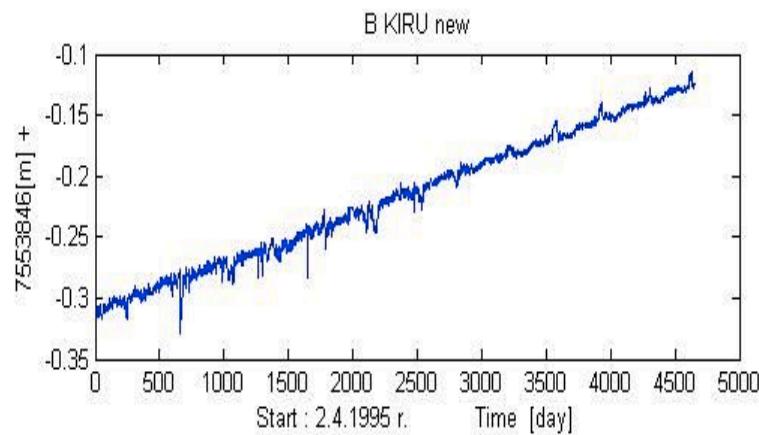
SHORT

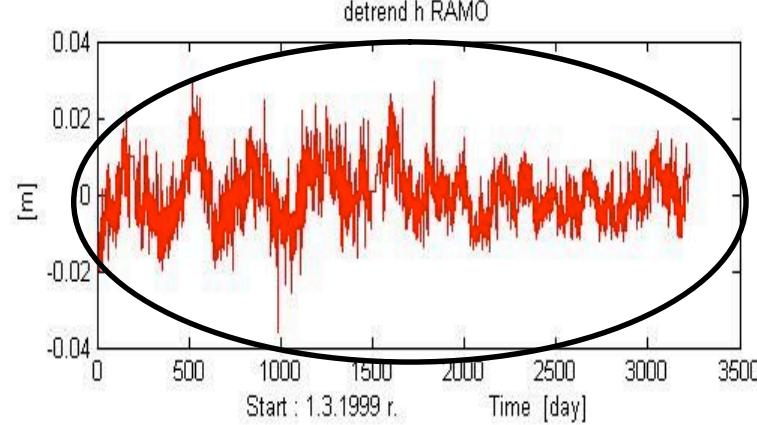
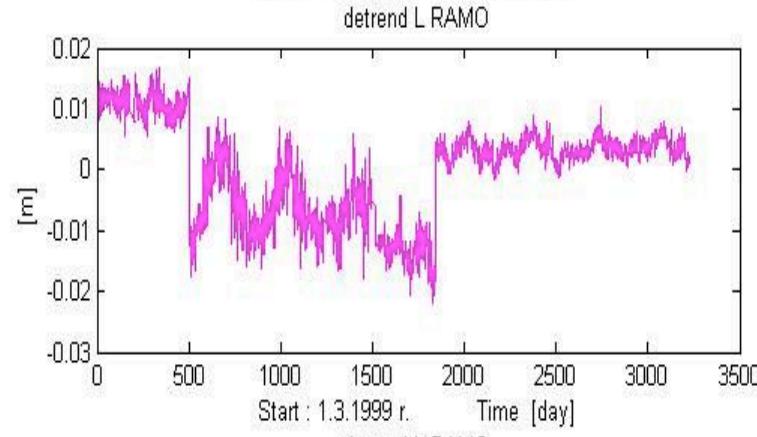
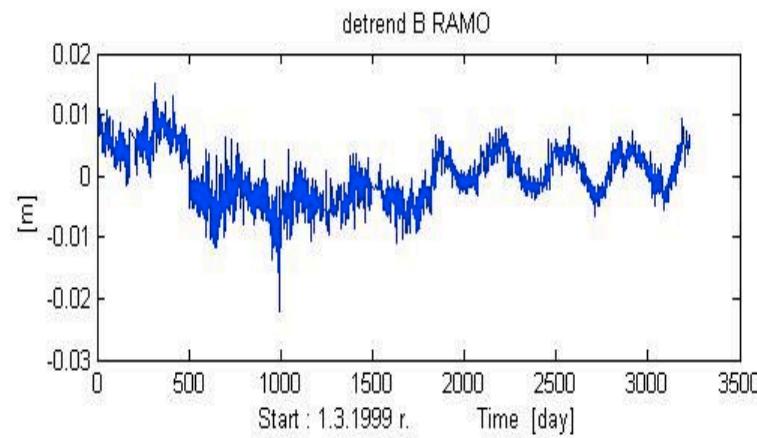
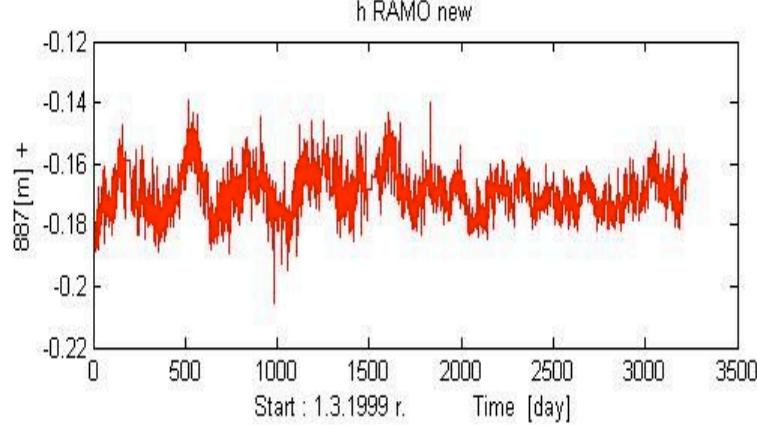
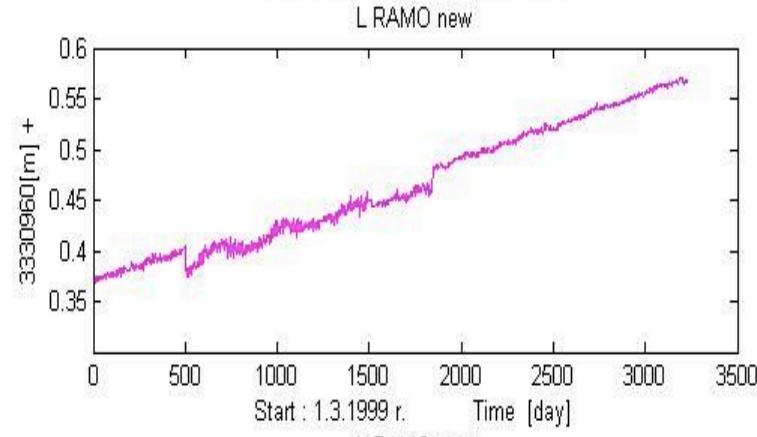
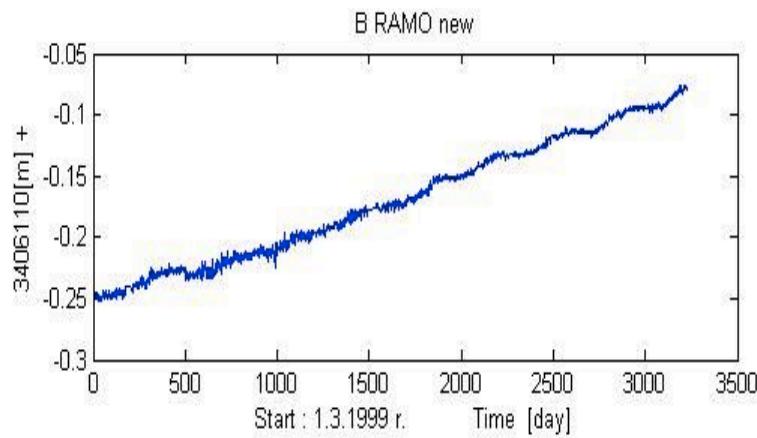
SULD, ZYWI, SKE0, DELF, EIJS, TERS, COMO, EVPA, MSEL, TUC2
These stations have time series of 1170 - common days observations starting from 15.10.2004.

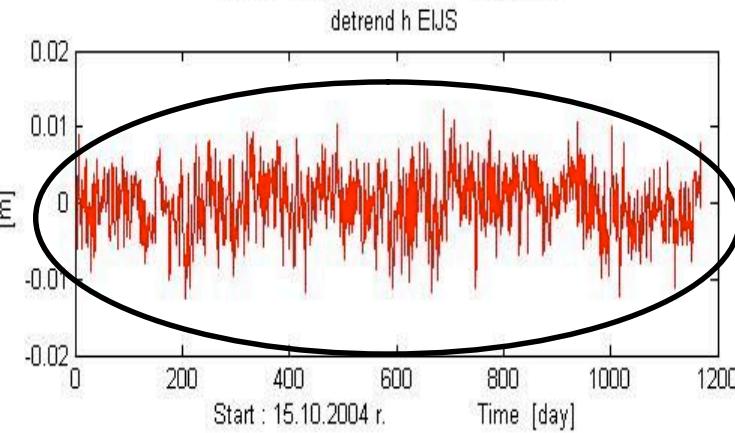
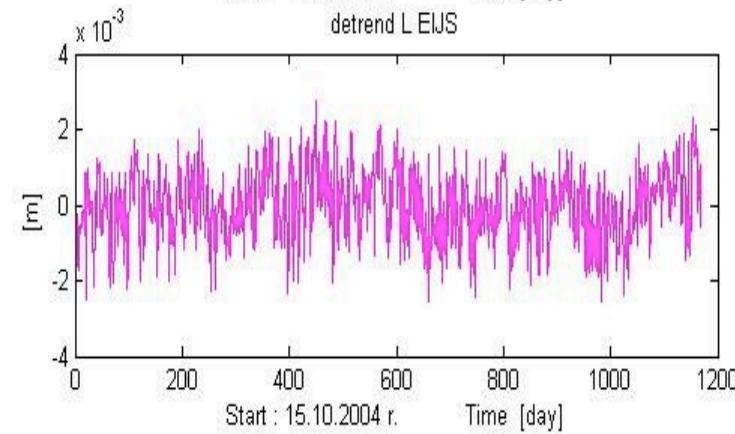
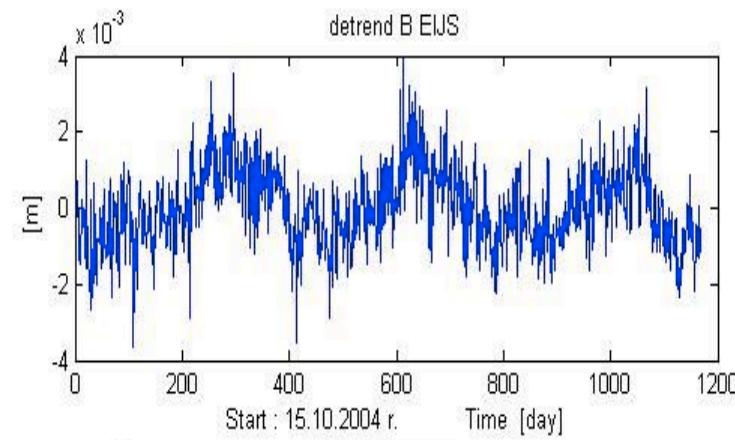
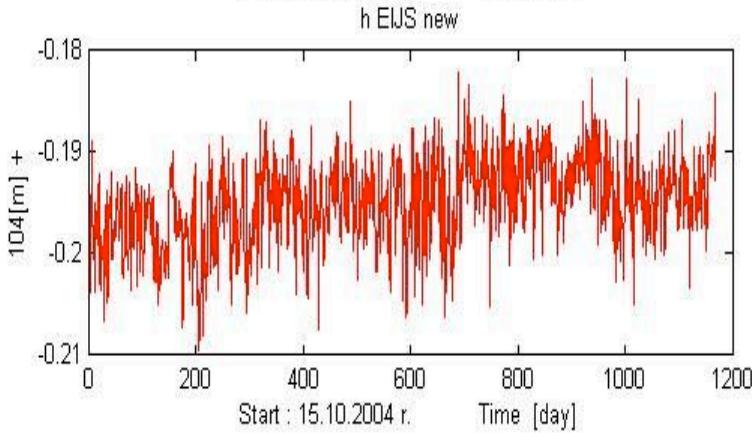
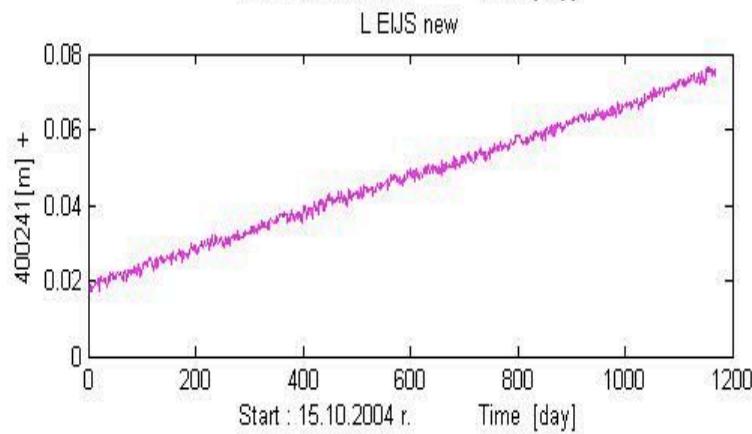
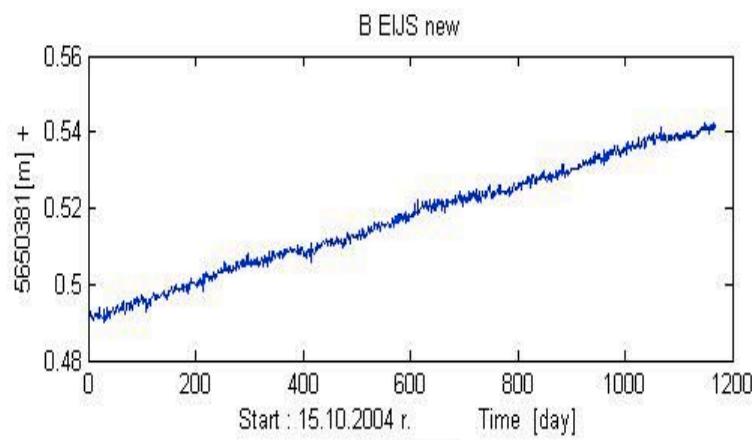


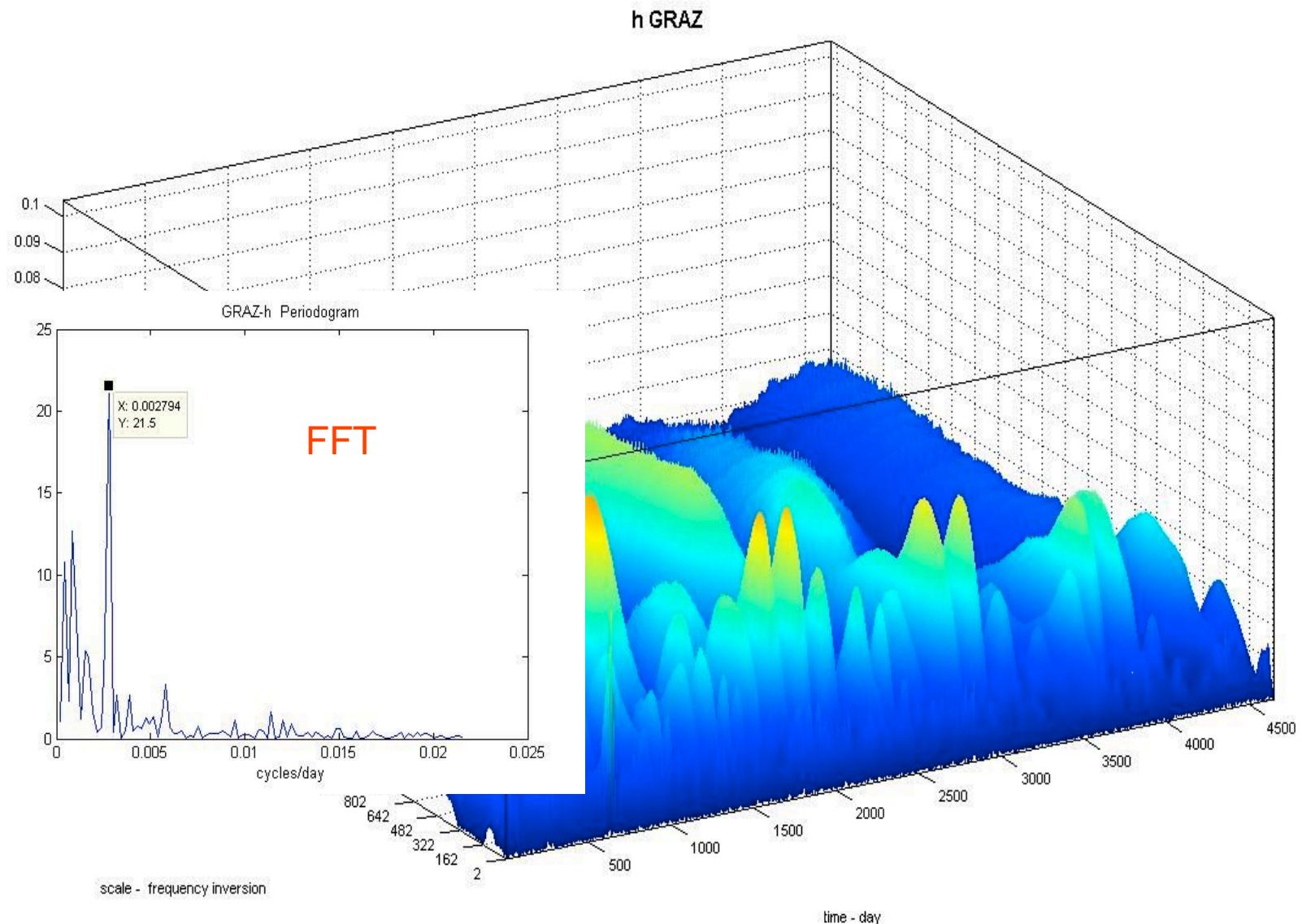
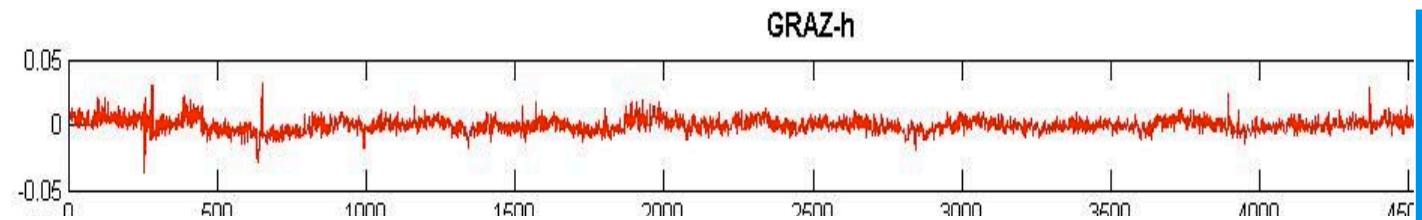
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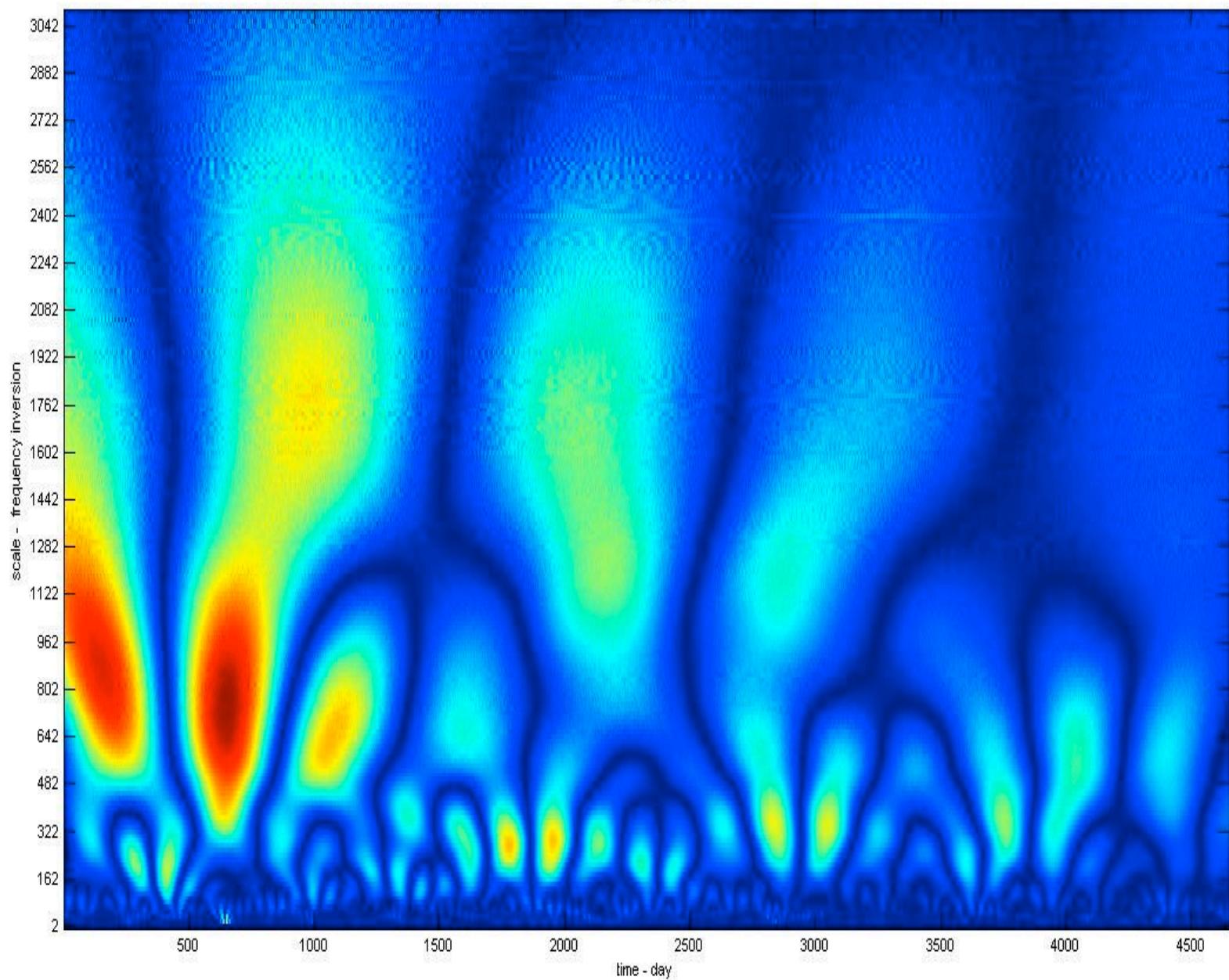




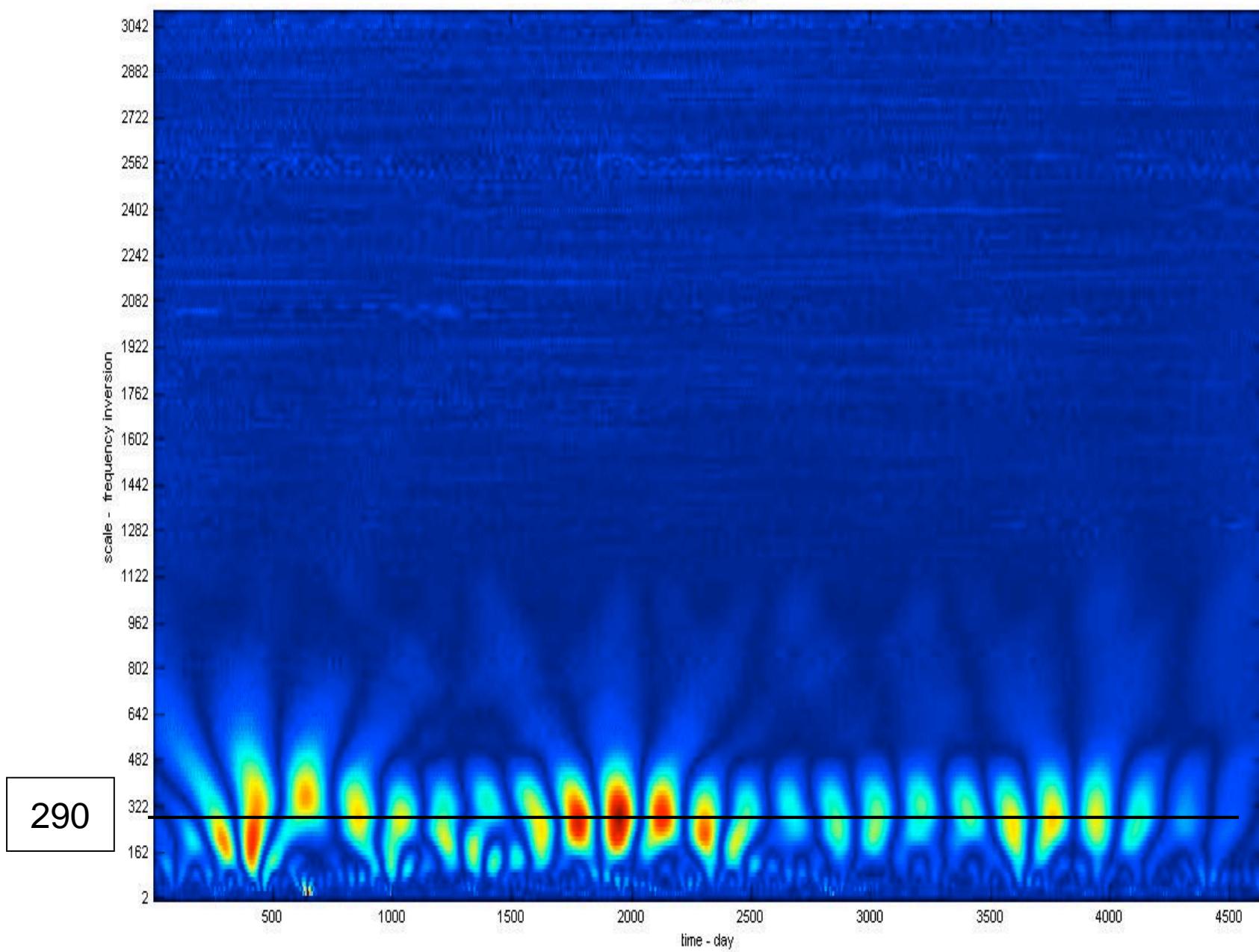




h GRAZ



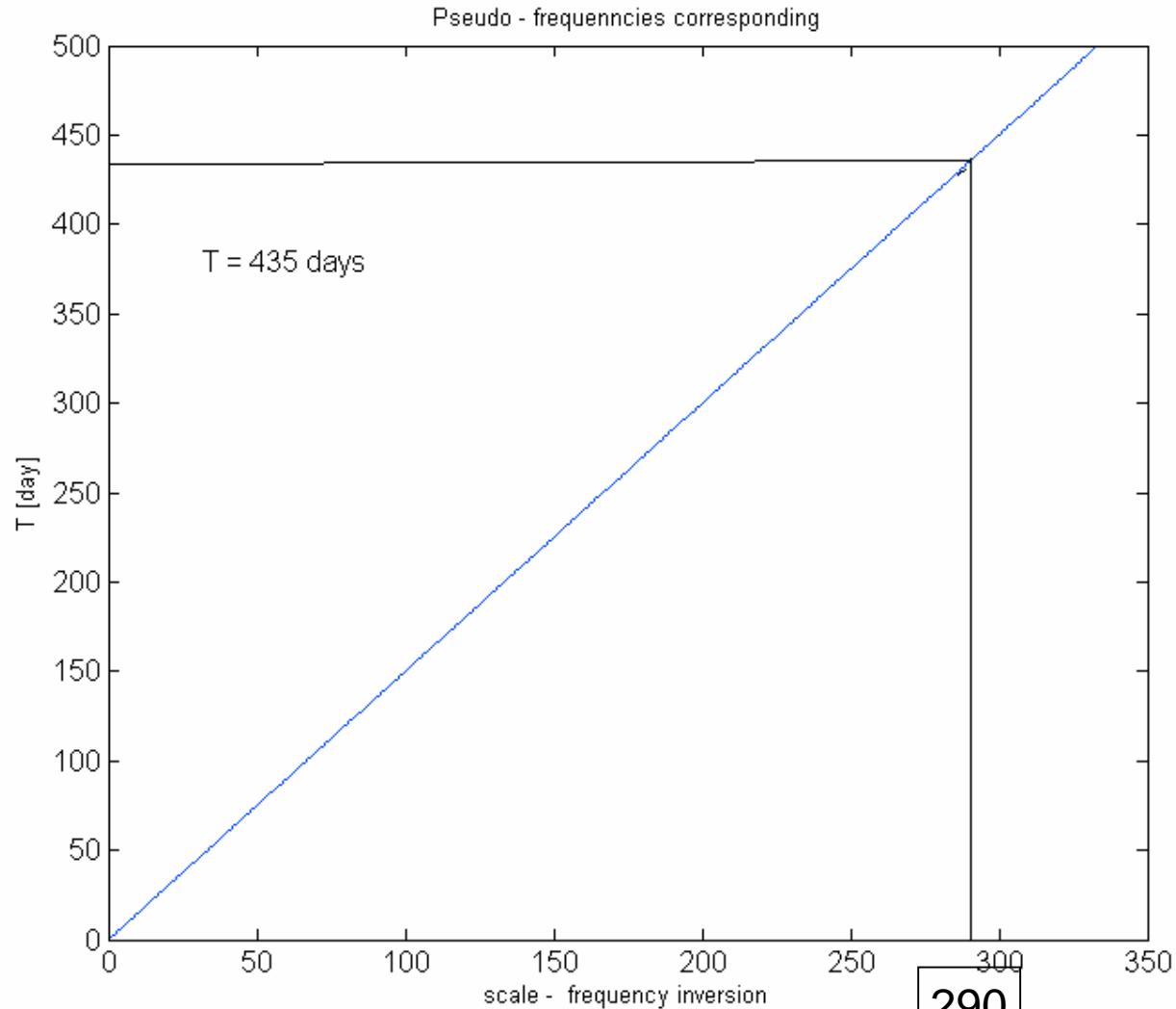
h-A GRAZ





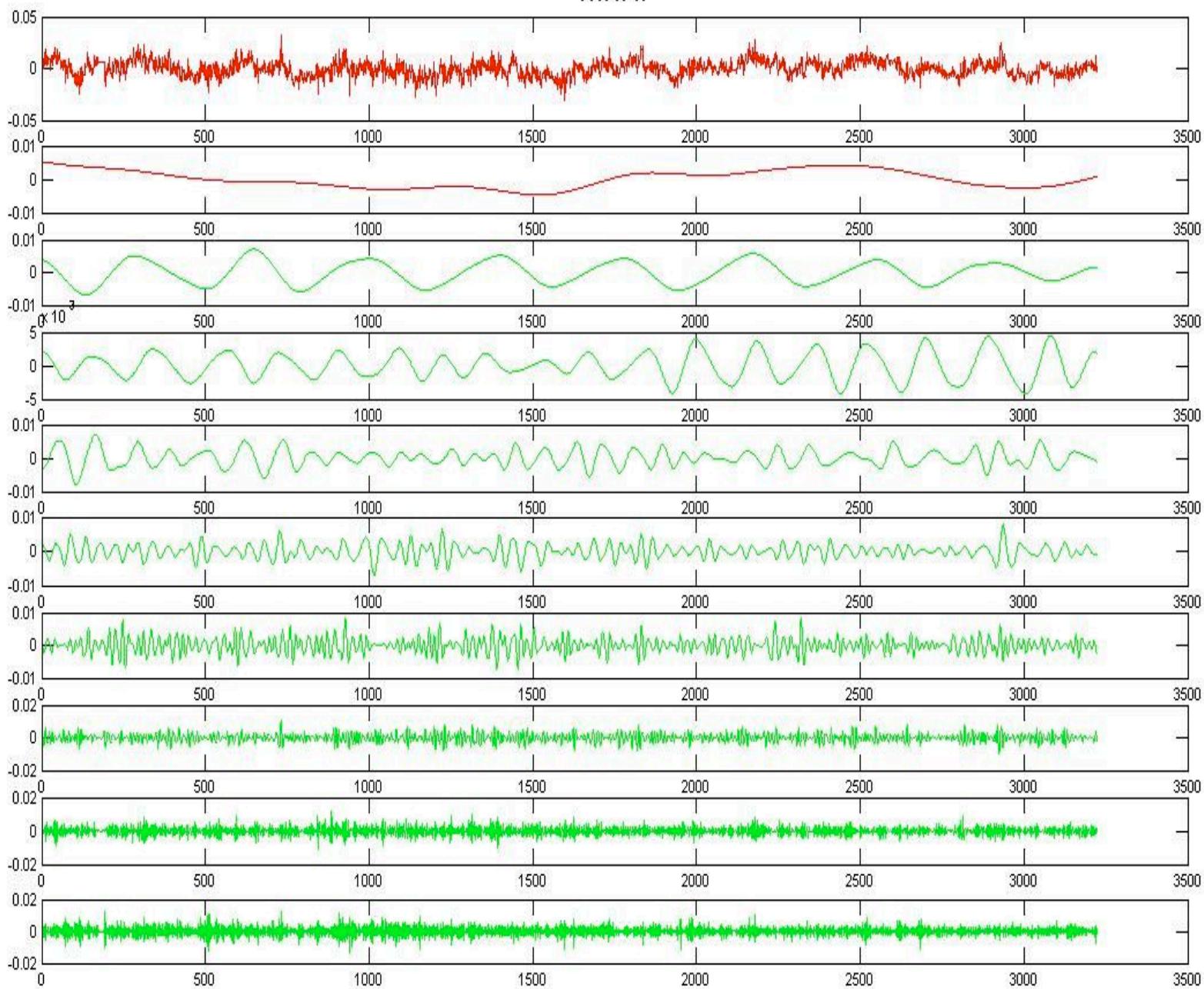
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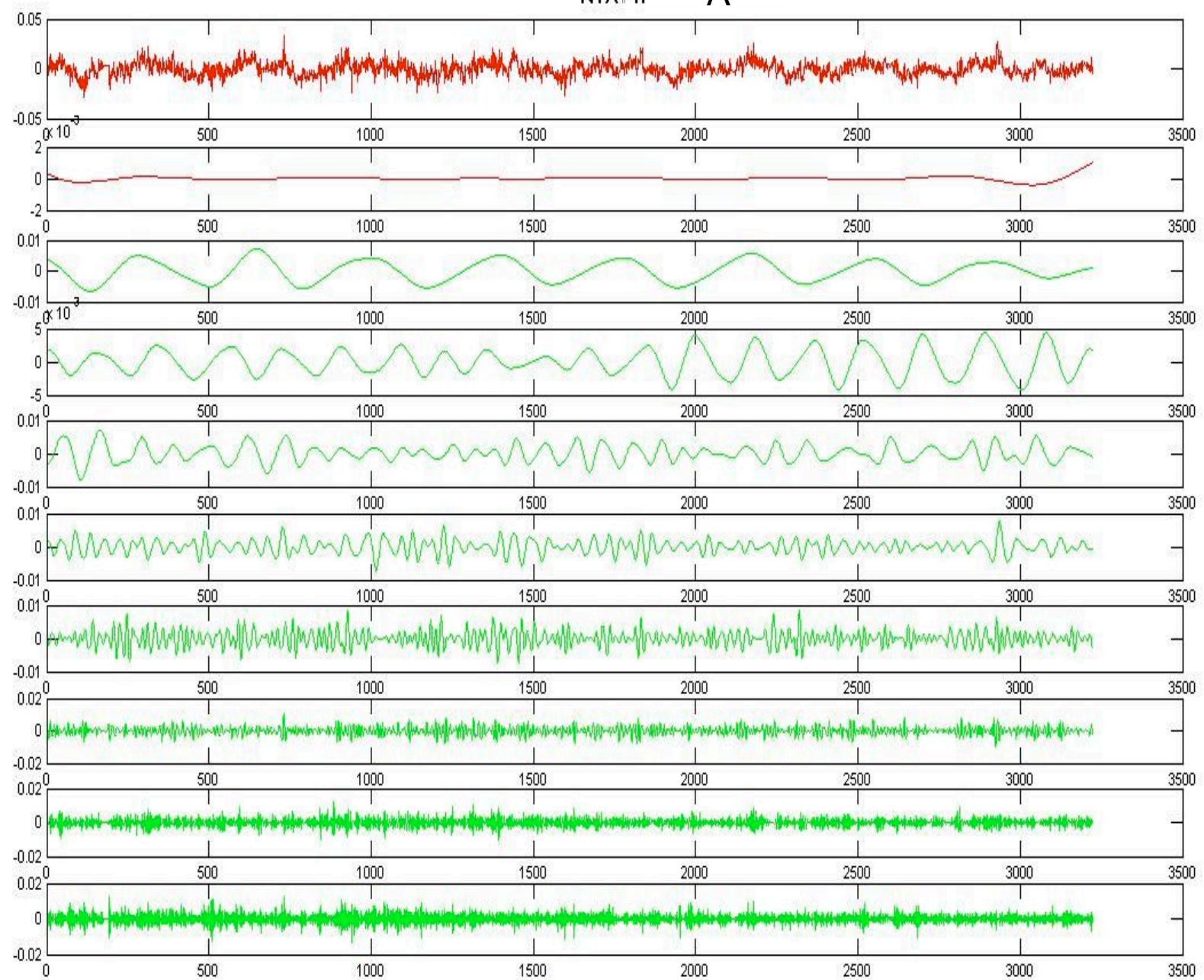


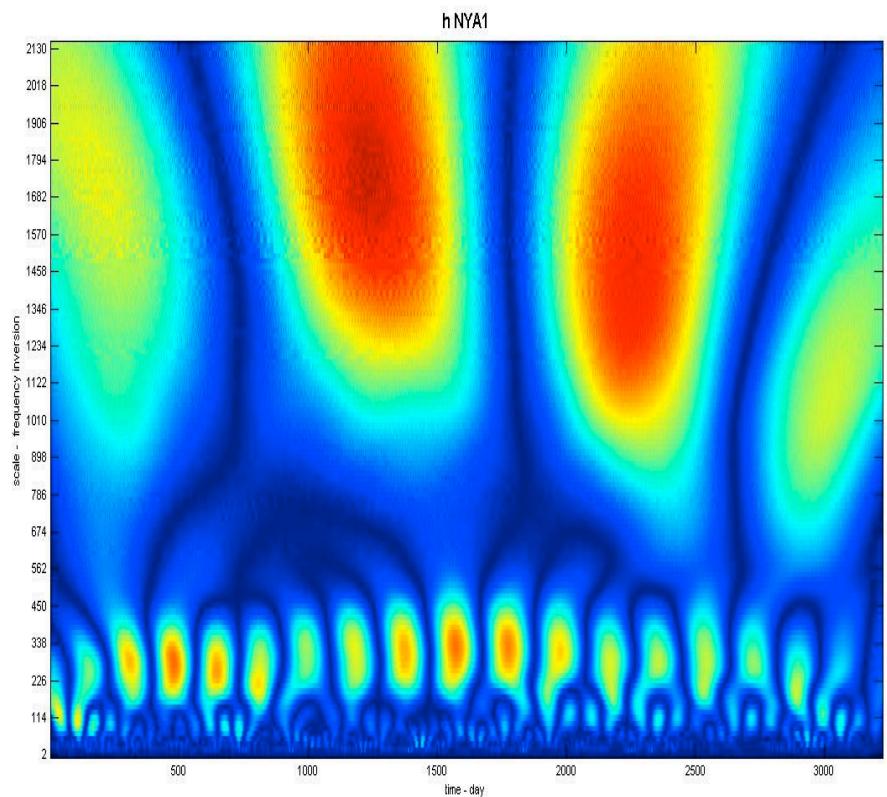
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NYA1-h



NYA1-h - A

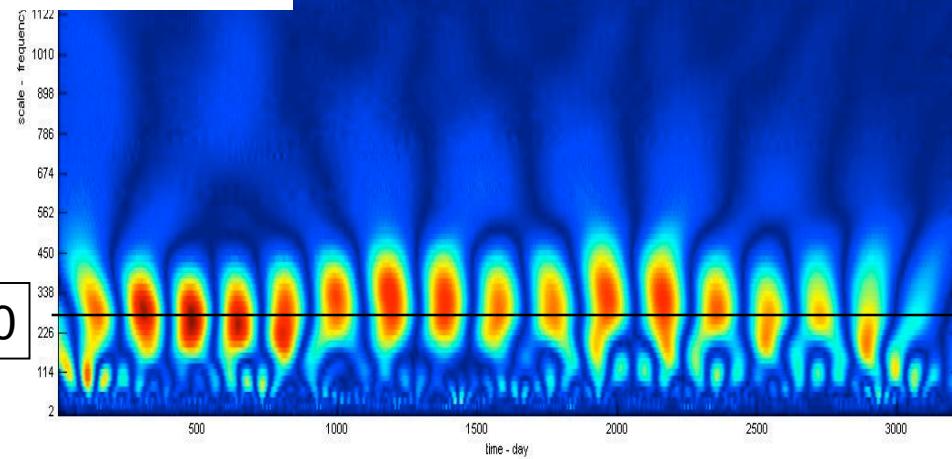




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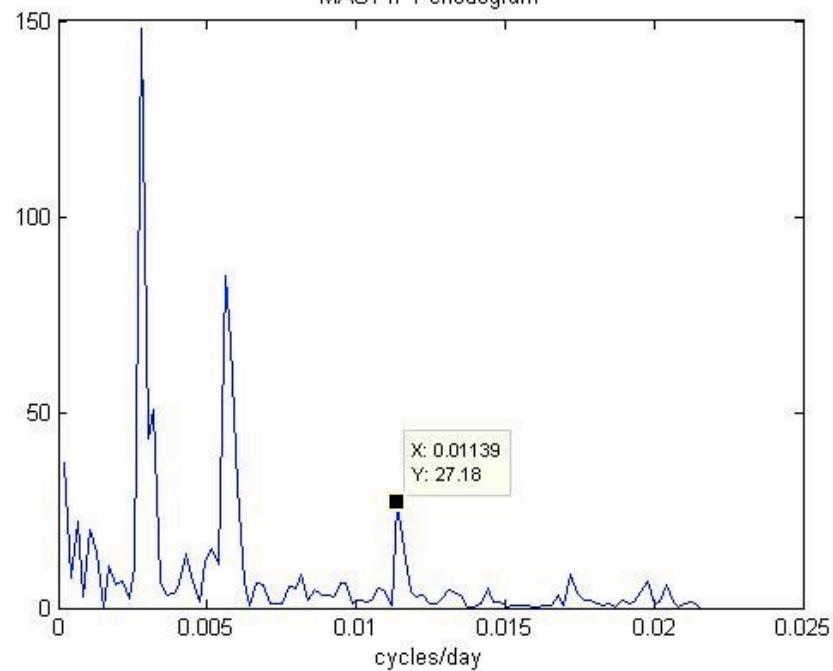


h ANYA1

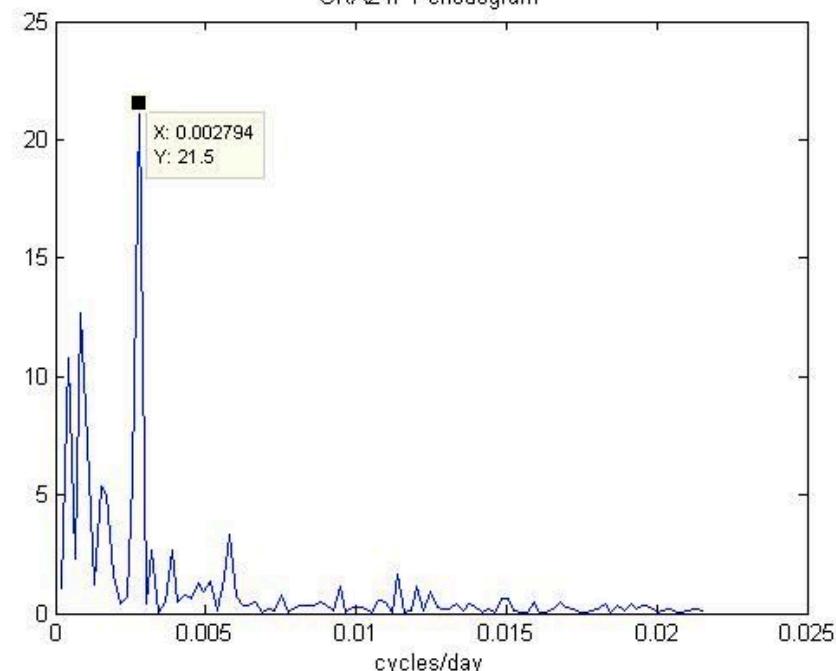


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MAS1-h Periodogram

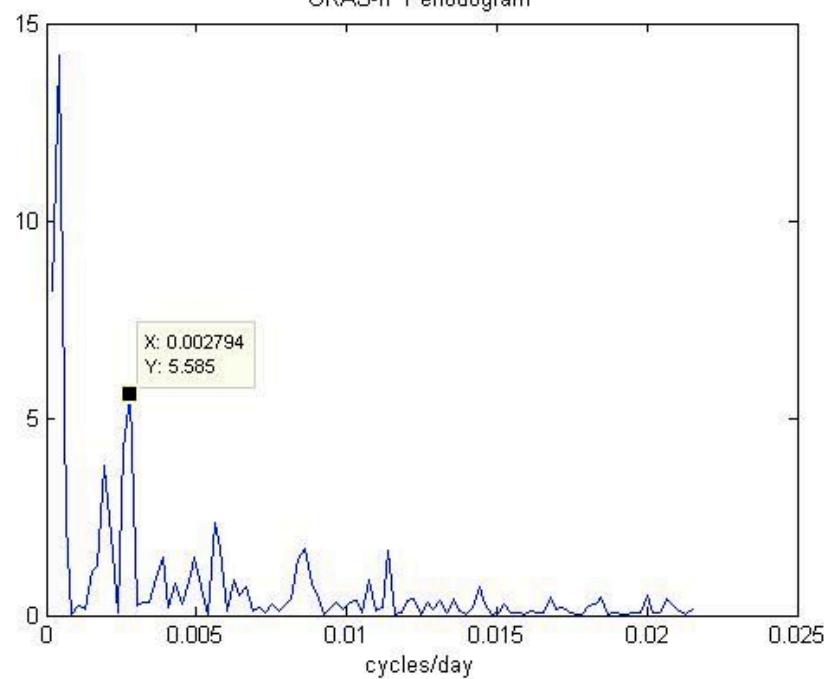


GRAZ-h Periodogram

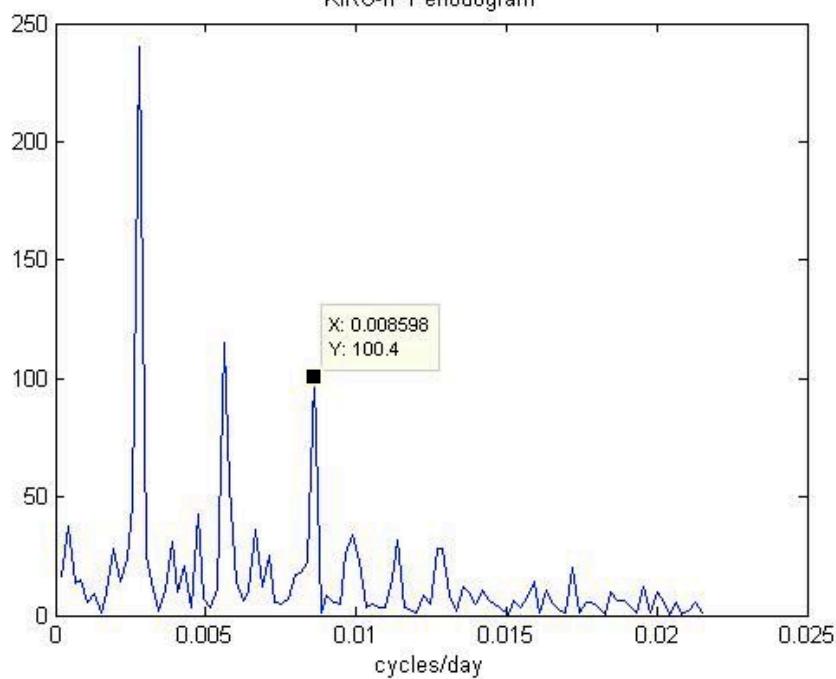


FFT

GRAS-h Periodogram



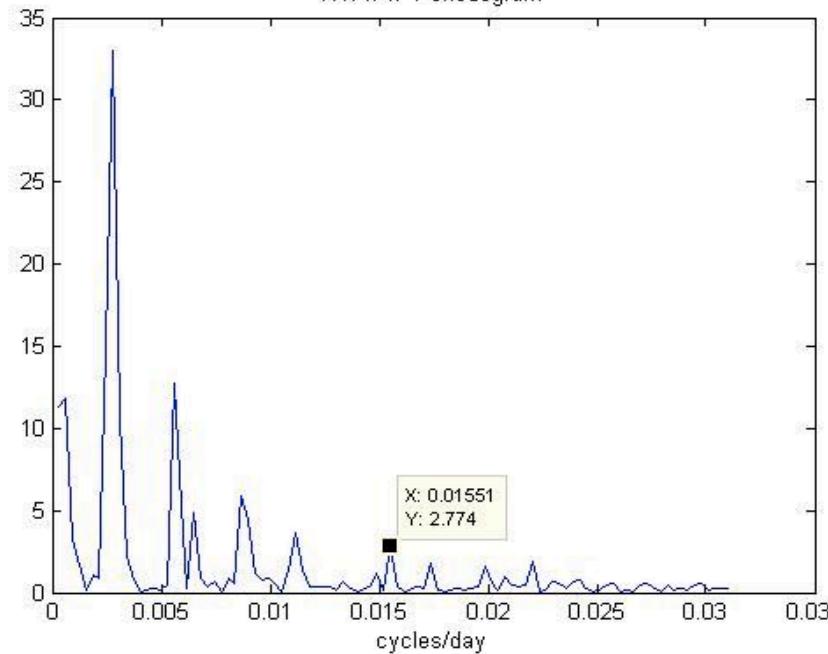
KIRU-h Periodogram



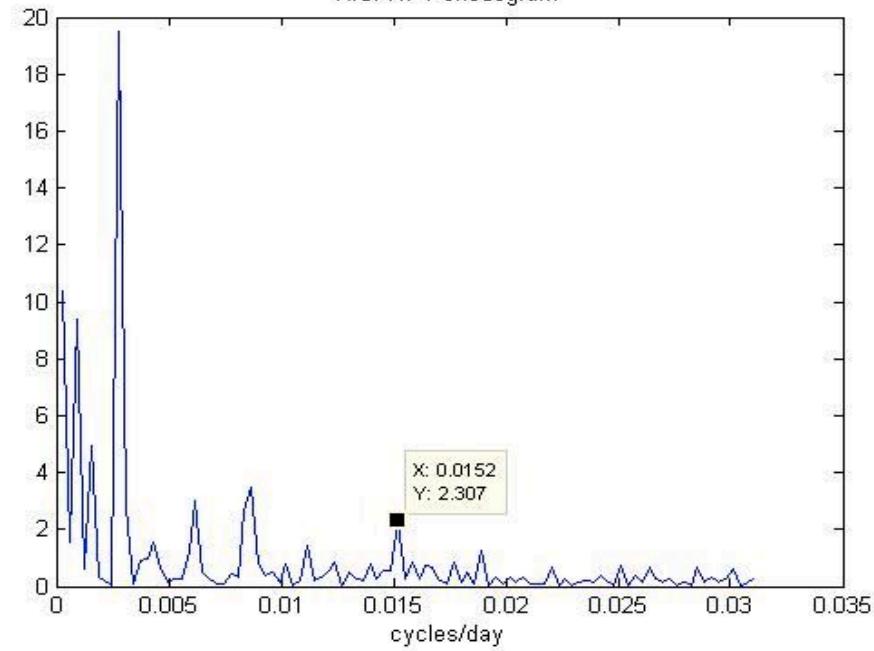
LONG

freqency	ZIMM	VILL	POTS	ONSA	METS	MAS1	KOSG	KIRU	JOZE	GRAZ	GRAS
cycles/day	0,000645	0,00086	0,00043	0,000645	0,00172	0,000645	0,00086	0,001935	0,00086	0,00086	0,00043
day		1551					1163	2326	1551	581	1163
cycles/day	0,001505	0,001505	0,001505	0,00172	0,002365	0,001075	0,001505	0,002794	0,001505	0,001505	0,001935
day		664					664	581	423	930	664
cycles/day	0,001935	0,001935	0,00258	0,00215	0,002794	0,002794	0,002365	0,003869	0,001935	0,002794	0,002794
day		517					388	465	358	358	423
cycles/day	0,002365	0,002365	388	0,00258	0,003439	0,003224		0,004729	0,002794	0,005804	0,005589
day		423					388	291	310		211
cycles/day	0,005589	0,002794	310	0,003224	0,003869	0,004299		0,005589	0,005904		
day		179					310	258	233		179
cycles/day		0,003439		0,003869	0,005804	0,005589		0,006664			
day		291					258	172	179		150
cycles/day				0,005589	0,008383	0,01139		0,008598			
day							179	119	88		116

NYA1-h Periodogram

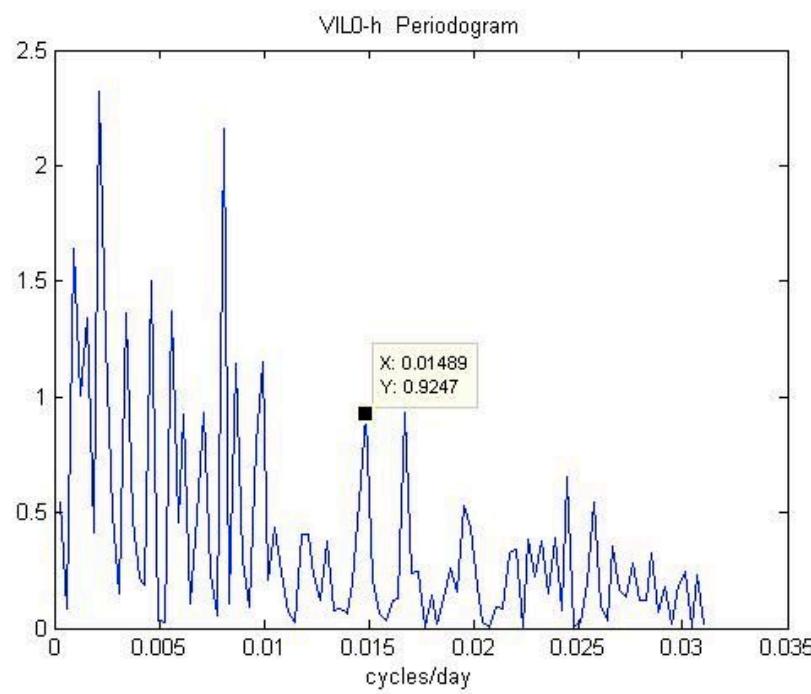


RIGA-h Periodogram

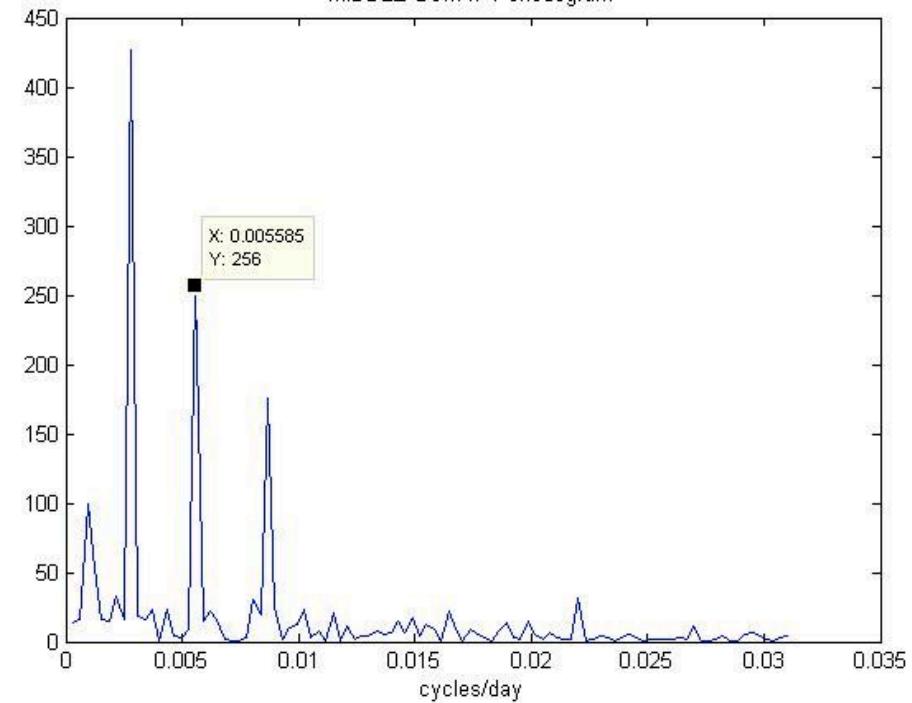


FFT

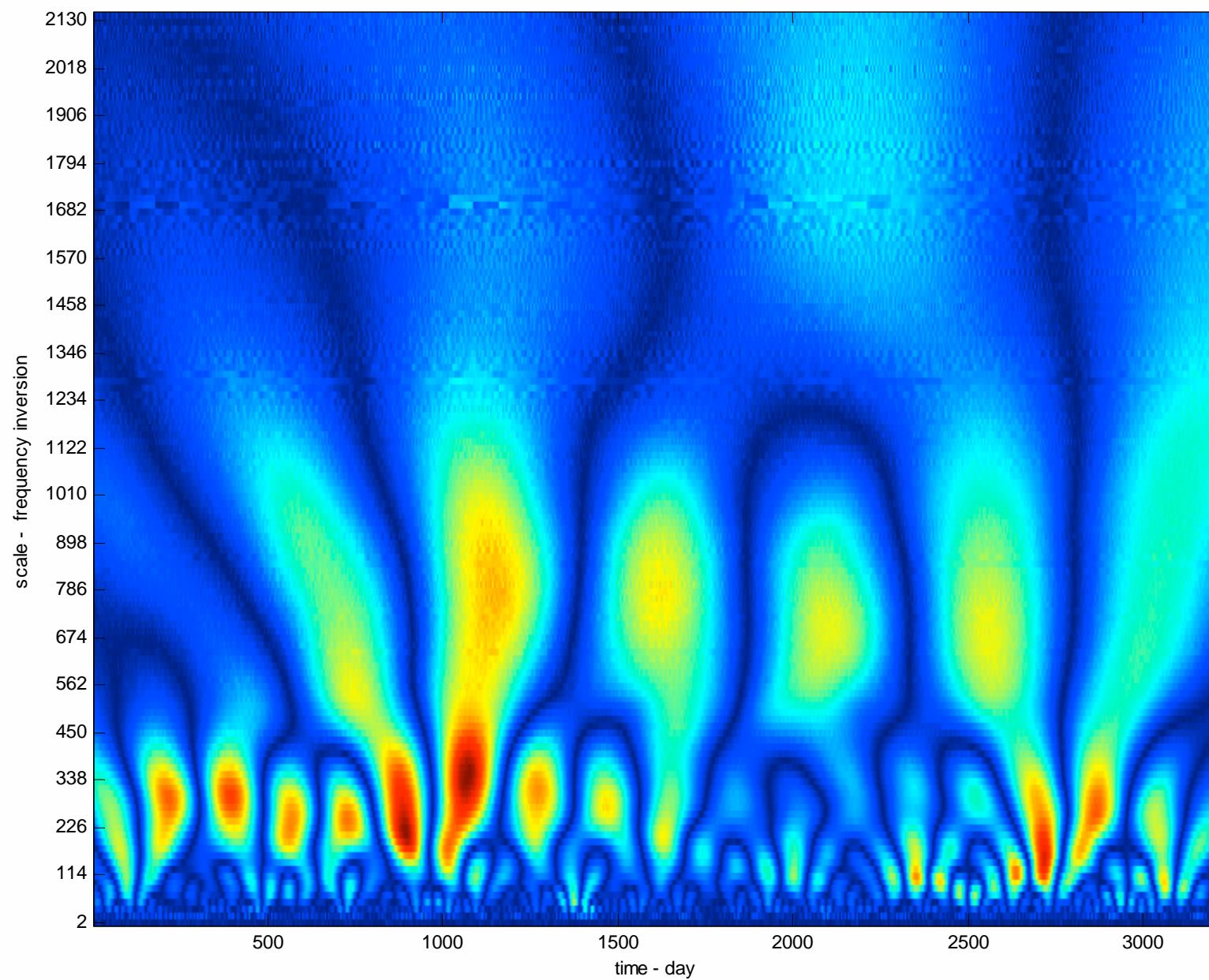
VILO-h Periodogram



MIDDLE SUM h Periodogram



MIDDLE SUM h

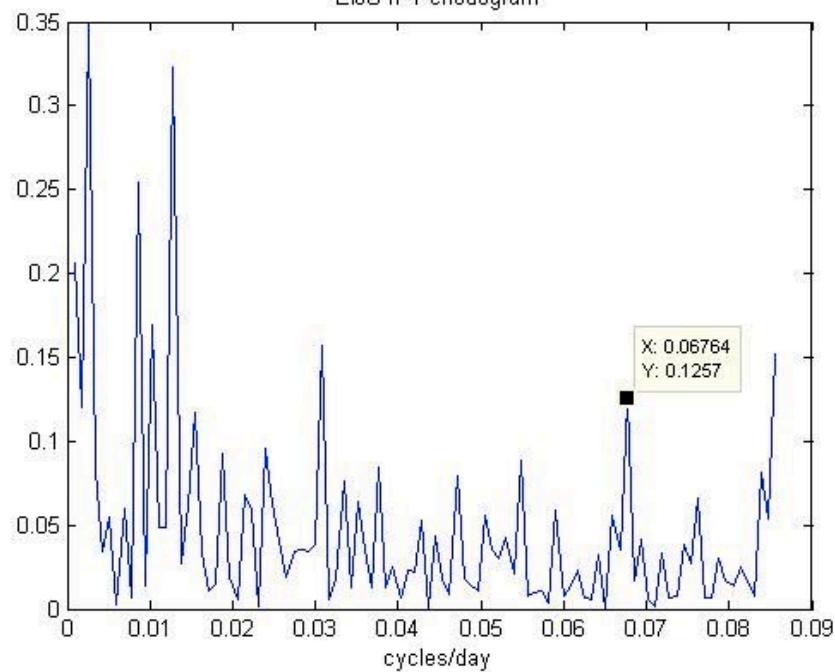


MIDDLE

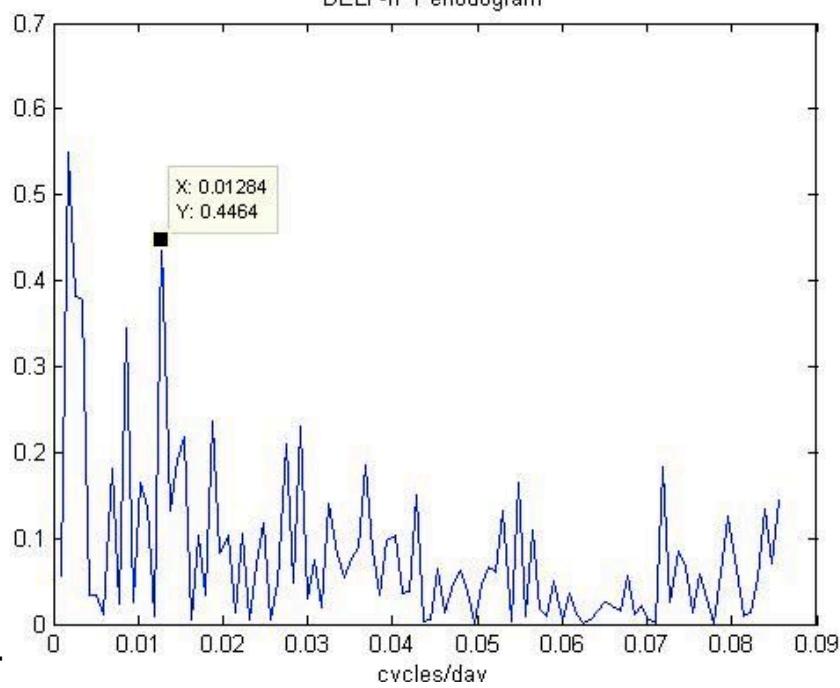
frequency	VIL0	TRO1	RIGA	RAMO	NYA1	MARS	KIRO	JOEN	GLSV	GENO	SUM
cycles/day	0,000931	0,000621	0,000931	0,001241	0,002792	0,001241	0,001241	0,000931	0,002792	0,001551	0,000931
day	1074	1612	1074	806	358	806	806	1074	358	645	1074
cycles/day	0,001551	0,001551	0,001551	0,002792	0,005585	0,002482	0,002172	0,001862	0,005895	0,002482	0,002172
day	645	645	645	358	179	403	460	537	170	403	460
cycles/day	0,002172	0,003413	0,002792	0,004654	0,006516	0,003103	0,002792	0,002792	0,008688	0,008688	0,002792
day	460	293	358	215	153	322	358	358	115	115	358
cycles/day	0,003413	0,005585	0,006205	0,005585	0,008688	0,004344	0,004654	0,005585		0,01148	0,005585
day	293	179	161	179	115	230	215	179		87	179
cycles/day	0,004654	0,03258	0,008688	0,01427	0,01117	0,005895	0,005585	0,006205			0,008688
day	215	31	115	70	90	170	179	161			115
cycles/day	0,005585	0,04716	0,0152		0,01551	0,007136	0,008688	0,008688			0,01644
day	179	21	66		64	140	115	115			61
cycles/day	0,008067					0,008998	0,01644	0,009618			
day	124					111	61	104			
cycles/day	0,008688										
day	115										



EIJIS-h Periodogram

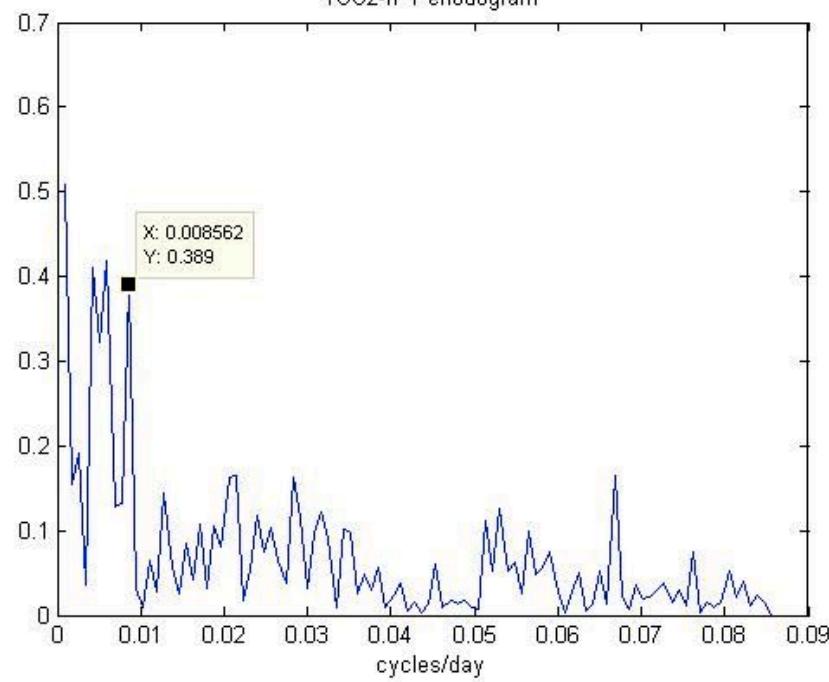


DELF-h Periodogram

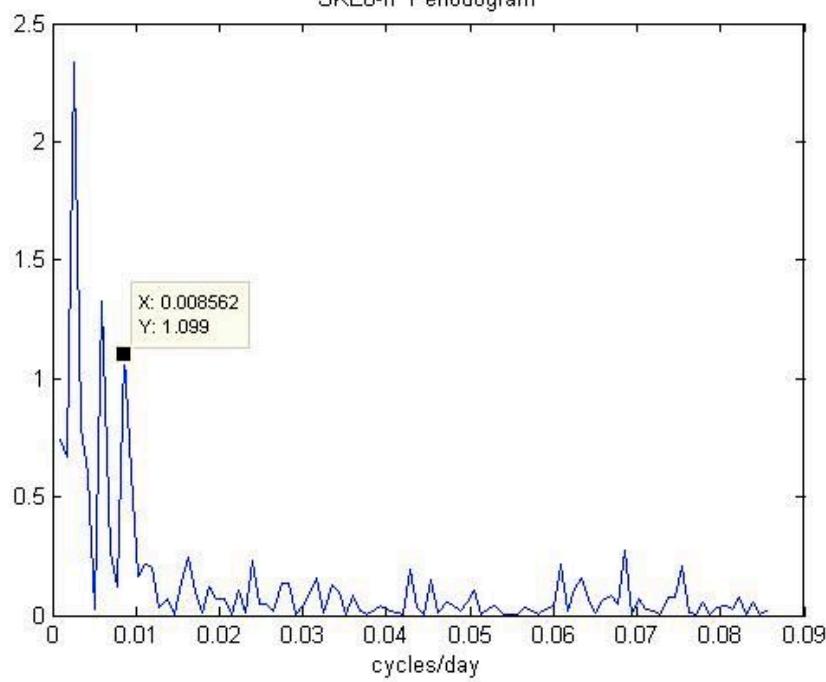


FFT

TUC2-h Periodogram



SKE0-h Periodogram



SHORT

frequency	SULD	ZYWI	SKE0	DELF	EIJS	TERS	COMO	EVPA	MSEL	TUC2	SUM
cycles/day	0,005993	0,002568	0,002568	0,001712	0,002568	0,002568	0,002568	0,002568	0,002568	0,002568	0,002568
day	167	389	389	584	389	389	389	389	389	389	389
cycles/day	0,01541	0,005137	0,005993	0,006849	0,008562	0,005137	0,008562	0,005993	0,006849	0,004281	0,005993
day	65	195	167	146	117	195	117	167	146	234	167
cycles/day	0,01969	0,007705	0,008562	0,008562	0,01027	0,008562	0,01199	0,008562	0,02055	0,05993	0,008562
day	51	130	117	117	97	117	83	117	49	17	117
cycles/day		0,01027		0,01284	0,01284	0,01541	0,02055	0,01284		0,008562	0,0274
day		97		78	78	65	49	78		117	36
cycles/day		0,0171		0,01884	0,03082	0,01884	0,02483	0,1884		0,0214	0,03253
day		58		53	32	53	40	5		47	31
cycles/day		0,01969			0,0674	0,03767		0,03253		0,02825	0,03767
day		51			15	27		31		35	27
cycles/day		0,02483			0,08562	0,09418				0,06678	
day		40			12	11				15	
cycles/day		0,02997				0,1438				0,1045	
day		33				7				10	



CONCLUSIONS

- Time series of reference stations still can include characteristic oscillation
- Period of 435 days is probably connected with Chandler's effect
- Elimination of 'disturbing' signal frequencies will improve the quality of parameters of reference stations





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Thank you for Your attention



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